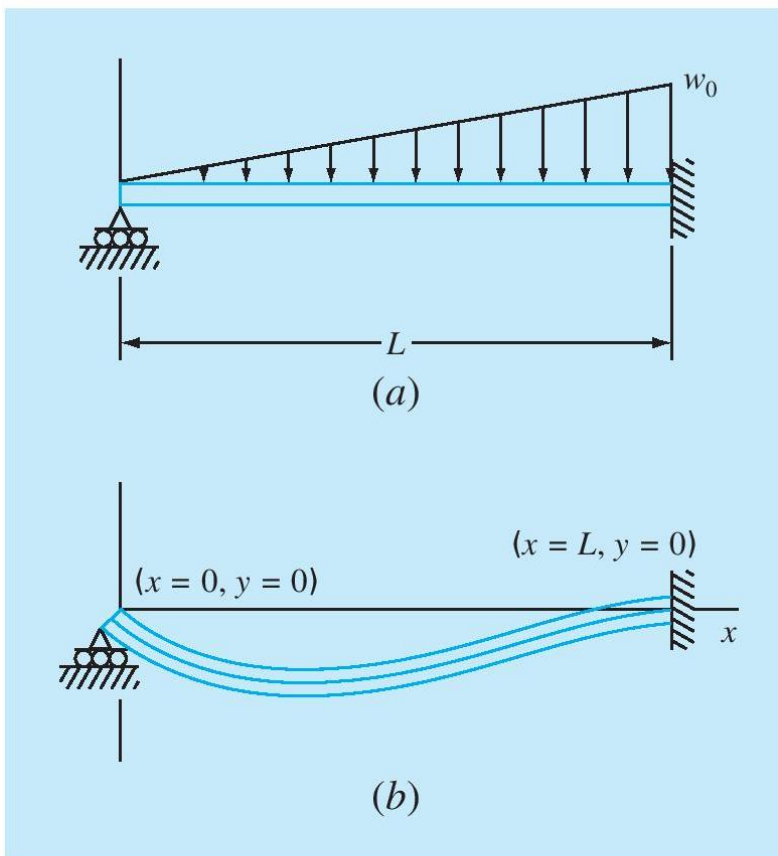


**5.20** Figure P5.20a shows a uniform beam subject to a linearly increasing distributed load. The equation for the resulting elastic curve is (see Fig. P5.20b)

$$y = \frac{w_0}{120EIL}(-x^5 + 2L^2x^3 - L^4x) \quad (\text{P5.20})$$



**Figure P5.20**

Use bisection to determine the point of maximum deflection (that is, the value of  $x$  where  $dy/dx = 0$ ). Then substitute this value into Eq. (P5.20) to determine the value of the maximum deflection. Use the following parameter values in your computation:  $L = 600$  cm,  $E = 50,000$  kN/cm<sup>2</sup>,  $I = 30,000$  cm<sup>4</sup>, and  $w_0 = 2.5$  kN/cm.